# Life Cycle Greenhouse Gas Emissions of the Proposed Woodfibre LNG project

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Acknowledgments: We acknowledge no funding sources for this work. This analysis was performed on a volunteer basis because of our desire for this committee to be as informed as possible about the proposed Woodfibre LNG project. We are not professional greenhouse gas accountants.

#### Aims of this talk

#### In this talk, I will:

- explain greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from the Woodfibre LNG (WLNG) project
- place this number in context
- relate this to flooding as a segue for David Roulston

#### But I will not:

- accept credit for the majority of this research, which was done by Kyle Kirkegaard (Quest 4<sup>th</sup>-year student) and supervised by Karine Le Du
- cover climate change I take as a premise that human emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> increase the temperature of Earth's surface
- add my opinion and positions to this talk (until I am finished presenting and speaking as a co-equal member of the committee again)

## I would like to convey four messages to you.

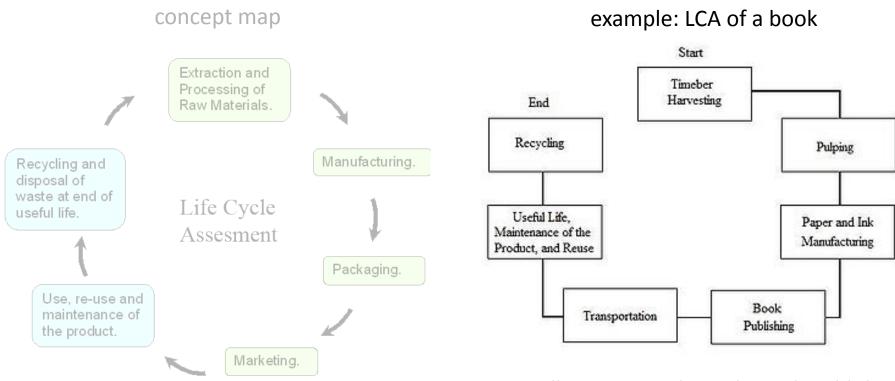
1. The entire WLNG project will emit 10.9 million tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>e per year. This will warm Earth by 0.0000163°C per year.

" $CO_2$ e" means " $CO_2$  equivalents". Most natural gas warms Earth 18 times as much as  $CO_2$  when released to the atmosphere. For simplicity, counting one of these molecules as 18  $CO_2$  molecules allows us to express GHG emissions using only one unit.

## Our number is from a life-cycle assessment of the WLNG project.

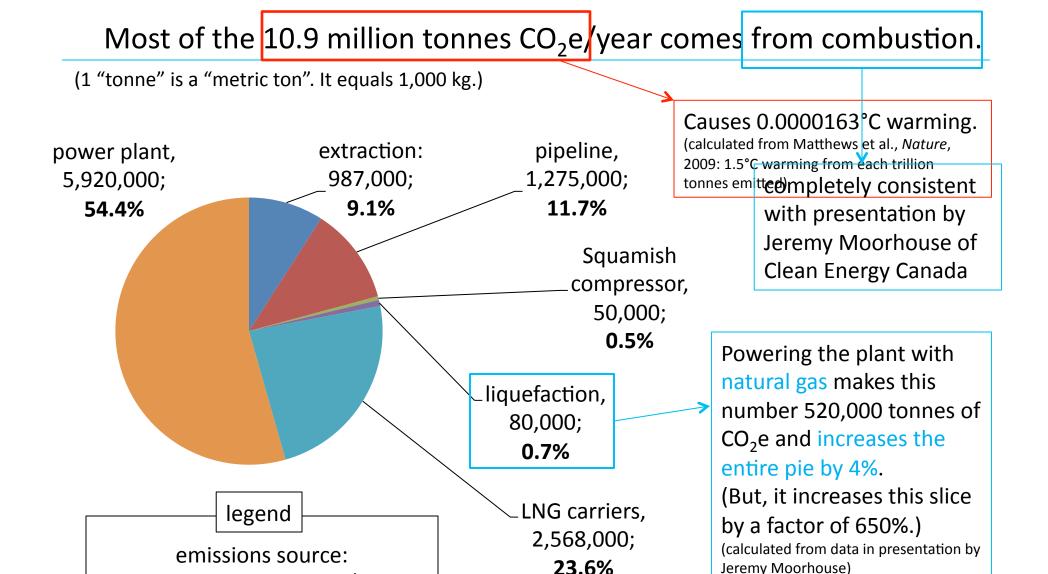
We do a **life-cycle assessment** by counting something that is part of **all the steps in the life** of a product.





http://www.tececo.com/images/graphics/sustainability/LifeCycleAnalysis.gif

http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/79/ Life\_Cycle\_of\_a\_Book.jpg/350px-Life\_Cycle\_of\_a\_Book.jpg



We are 80% confident in these values.

tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>e emitted/year;

percentage of life-cycle emissions

## Are 10.9 million tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e and 0.0000163°C per year big or small?

#### It's fairly small relative to:

• Alberta oil sands (not LCA): 48 million tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e/year (source: Pembina Institute)

• present BC emissions: 61 million tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e/year (source: Jeremy Moorhouse)

• same electricity from coal (LCA): 13.2 million tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e/year (source: Whitaker et al. 2012,

J. Indust. Ecol.)

the amount of warming since 1880: 0.85 °C

scientists' "safe" amount of warming: 2 °C

#### Reducing other emissions to balance the WLNG project is difficult.

To find emissions reductions that are comparable to those of its project, WLNG could:

• Increase composting at the Whistler composting centre from 13,000 tonnes/year to 10,000,000 tonnes/year. (Offsets 2.7 million tonnes of  $CO_2e/yr$ .)

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## Climate change increases the risk of flooding in Squamish

Flooding comes from two sources:

#### Ocean

- Sea level rise is forecast to be 1-2 m by 2100.
- This is uncertain and subject to varying time lags and geographical variation.

## I will restate my four messages for you.

- 1. The entire WLNG project will emit 10.9 million tonnes of  $CO_2$ e per year. This will lead Earth to warm by 0.0000163°C per year.
- 2. This amount is small(ish) in some ways and large in others.
- 3. There is no reasonable way to offset this amount of GHG emissions.
- 4. This will increase the risk of flooding in Squamish very slightly.

Thank you for allowing me to present to this committee.

Calculations and justifications are available upon request from me or Karine.

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